# Fidelity Premium Money Market Private Pool

### **POOL FEATURES**

INCEPTION November 26, 2008

INITIAL INVESTMENT \$150,000 minimum

MER 0.70%, as at December 31, 2024

### **ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO MANAGERS**

### **POOL MANAGERS**

John Carolan Maura Walsh

## Why invest

- Aims to provide investors with capital preservation, liquidity and income.
- Invests in debt securities that have short maturities and minimal credit risk.
- Leverages Fidelity's global resources and expertise in fixed-income investing.

### RISK CLASSIFICATION<sup>3</sup>

MANAGEMENT FEE



65

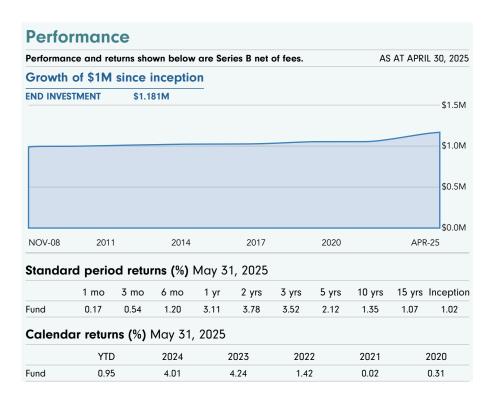
(BASIS POINTS)	
FEE REDUCTION ON POOL HOLDINGS' (BASIS POINTS)	
FIRST \$250K IN ASSETS	0
NEXT \$250K IN ASSETS	5
NEXT \$500K IN ASSETS	10
NEXT \$1M IN ASSETS	15
NEXT \$3M IN ASSETS	15
NEXT \$5M IN ASSETS	15
ASSETS OVER \$10M	15

### **POOL CODES**

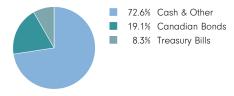
### CANADIAN DOLLAR

**SERIES B** 

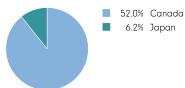
9016



### ASSET MIX<sup>2</sup> - as at April 30, 2025



### GEOGRAPHICAL MIX<sup>2</sup> - as at April 30, 2025



FIDELITY PRIVATE INVESTMENT PROGRAM

# Fidelity Premium Money Market Private Pool, cont'd

# AS AT MARCH 31, 2025 Province of Ontario Fédération des caisses Desjardins Province of Manitoba Province of British Columbia Province of Alberta Total issuers 16 Top 5 issuers aggregate 37.3%

### **Fidelity Premium Money Market Private Pool**

- Invests in securities that are either government guaranteed or have strong credit ratings.
- Primary objective is to protect the \$10.00 net asset value (NAV).
- The Pool's yield will vary with short-term interest rates.
- Ideal for investors who need a temporary "parking spot" for cash.
- Income is credited to investor accounts at the close of each valuation business day and is distributed at the end of each month.

### **Pool management**

- The portfolio managers are John Carolan and Maura Walsh.
- The portfolio manager seeks to preserve principal, maintain liquidity and achieve superior risk-adjusted performance through fundamental and macro research.

Commissions, trailing commissions, management fees and expenses all may be associated with mutual fund investments. Please read the prospectus, which contains detailed investment information, before investing. The indicated rates of return are historical annual compounded total returns for the period indicated including changes in unit value and reinvestment of distributions. The indicated rates of return do not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or option charges or income taxes payable by any unitholder that would have reduced returns. Mutual funds are not guaranteed. Their values change frequently. Past performance may not be repeated. © 2025 Fidelity Investments Canada ULC. All rights reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part by any means prior to written consent from Fidelity Investments Canada ULC is forbidden. All trademarks and service marks appearing in this document belong to Fidelity Investments Canada ULC. Source: FMR LLC.

<sup>1</sup> Management fees do not include administration and other operating expenses and applicable sales tax. Fees are shown in basis points. Note that fee reductions are applicable only on that portion of assets that fall within the specified tier.

<sup>2</sup> The Pool invests its assets in units of Fidelity Canadian Money Market Fund, Series O. Holdings information shown on this page represents the Pool's exposure to the holdings of Fidelity Canadian Money Market Fund.

A fund's volatility is determined using a statistical measure called "standard deviation. Standard deviation is a statistical measure of how much a return varies over an extended period of time. The more variable the returns, the larger the standard deviation. Investors may examine historical standard deviation in conjunction with historical returns to decide whether an investment's volatility would have been acceptable given the returns it would have produced. A higher standard deviation indicates a wider dispersion of past returns and thus greater historical volatility. Standard deviation does not indicate how an investment actually performed, but it does indicate the volatility of its returns over time. Standard deviation is annualized. The returns used for this calculation are not load-adjusted. Standard deviation does not predict the future volatility of a fund. The investment risk level indicated is required to be determined in accordance with the Canadian Securities Administrators standardized risk classification methodology, which is based on the historical volatility of a fund, as measured by the ten-year annualized standard deviation of the returns of the fund. Standard deviation is used to quantify the historical dispersion of returns around the average returns over a recent ten-year period.