Fidelity Japan Fund US\$

Series F for fee based accounts¹

PERFORMANCE (SERIES F) – US	\$			
AS AT MARCH 31, 2025 Standard period returns				
1 month	-0.23			
3 month	-0.16			
6 month	-6.58			
1 year	-0.24			
3 year	5.87			
5 year	12.87			
10 year	6.77			
15 year	5.45			
20 year	4.08			
Since inception	1.79			

Fast Retailing – Consumer Discretionary Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group – Financials Fujifilm Holdings – Information Technology Daiichi Sankyo – Health Care Shin-Etsu Chemical – Materials Nintendo – Communication Services Nidec – Industrials Sony – Consumer Discretionary

QUARTERLY TOP TEN HOLDINGS

Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group - Financials

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2024

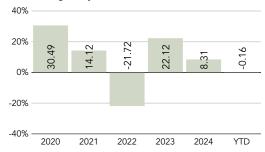
Hitachi - Industrials

Total holdings

Top 10 holdings aggregate

ALLOCATION AS AT FEBRUARY 28, 2025 ASSET MIX² (%) **CURRENT MONTH** Foreign Equities 98.8 Cash & Other 1.2 SECTOR MIX (%) 27.1 Consumer Discretionary Industrials 19.1 Financials 18 4 Information Technology 14.1 5.9 Communication Services Health Care 5.5 Consumer Staples 5.2 Materials 3.6 0.0 Energy Utilities 0.0

Calendar year performance



Risk classification

LOW	LOW TO MEDIUM	MEDIUM	MEDIUM TO HIGH	HIGH

A fund's volatility is determined using a statistical measure called "standard deviation. Standard deviation is a statistical measure of how much a return varies over an extended period of time. The more variable the returns, the larger the standard deviation. Investors may examine historical standard deviation in conjunction with historical returns to decide whether an investment's volatility would have been acceptable given the returns it would have produced. A higher standard deviation indicates a wider dispersion of past returns and thus greater historical volatility. Standard deviation does not indicate how an investment actually performed, but it does indicate the volatility of its returns over time. Standard deviation is annualized. The returns used for this calculation are not load-adjusted. Standard deviation does not predict the future volatility of a fund.

The investment risk level indicated is required to be determined in accordance with the Canadian Securities Administrators standardized risk classification methodology, which is based on the historical volatility of a fund, as measured by the ten-year annualized standard deviation of the returns of the fund. Standard deviation is used to quantify the historical dispersion of returns around the average returns over a recent ten-year period.

Fund strategy

Global strength combined with local expertise

Fidelity Japan Fund has an established local market advantage in pursuing superior growth potential in one of the world's largest markets.

Fund facts

Portfolio manager

Eileen Dibb

Series inception date

October 10, 2000

NAV - Series F

30

61.1%

US\$17.97 (as at March 31, 2025)

Aggregate assets (all series)

\$108.3 million (as at February 28, 2025)

Management expense ratio – Series F

1.14%, as at September 30, 2024

1 Source: Fidelity Investments Canada ULC. Performance shows annual compounded returns as at March 31, 2025 (Series F) net-of-fees, in Canadian dollars. ■ 2 Month-end asset mixes may total greater than/less than 100% due to differences in the timing of cashflows and investments, and/or to reflect cash held for the purposes of collateral allocations associated with certain types of derivatives. Country and sector allocations show specific exposures to countries/sectors representing at least 1% of total fund asset. As such, the values displayed may not total 100%.

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Please note that investment performance and NAVPU are reported in U.S. dollars. Fund aggregate assets are reported in Canadian dollars.

Read a fund's prospectus before investing. Mutual funds are not guaranteed; their values change frequently and past performance may not be repeated. Investors will pay management fees and expenses, may pay commissions or trailing commissions and may experience a gain or loss. The indicated rates of return are the historical annual compounded total returns including changes in unit value and the reinvestment of all distributions and do not take into account sales, redemption, distribution, optional charges or income taxes payable by any security holder that would have reduced returns. If you buy other series of Fidelity funds, the performance will vary largely due to different fees and expenses. Investors who buy Series F pay investment management fees and expenses to Fidelity. Investors will also pay their dealer a fee for financial advice services in addition to the Series F fees charged by Fidelity.