

Fidelity Canadian High Dividend ETF Fund⁵

FUND FACTS

FUND INCEPTION September 18, 2018

NAV - SERIES B \$11.90

(April 30, 2025)

AGGREGATE ASSETS \$69.2 million

(all series)

(March 31, 2025)

MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO - SERIES B

1.66%, as at September 30, 2024

PORTFOLIO MANAGER

Geode Capital Management⁴

Why invest in this fund?

- Single factor exposure to high quality taxpreferred Canadian dividend paying companies.
- An outcome-oriented approach that seeks to deliver monthly income and capital gains.
- An efficient complement to a welldiversified portfolio.

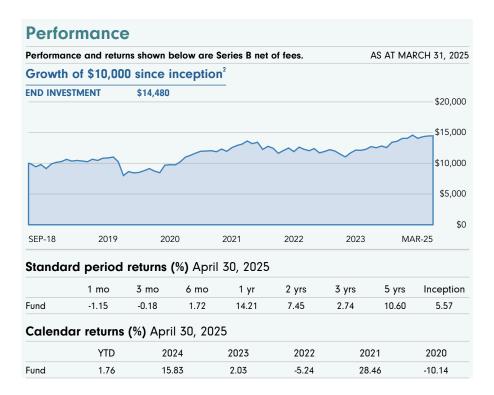
RISK CLASSIFICATION¹



FUND CODES

CANADIAN DOLLAR

SERIES B	SERIES F
4086	4087



Allocation³ AS AT MARCH 31, 2025

ASSET MIX³

100.0% Canadian Equities

OLCIOR MIX		
23.9%	Energy	
25.4%	Financials	
10.9%	Utilities	
5.9%	Industrials	
7.5%	Real Estate	
7.5%	Communication Services	
7.5%	Health Care	
6.9%	Materials	
4.1%	Information Technology	
0.4%	Multi Sector	

SECTOR MIX³



Fidelity Canadian High Dividend ETF Fund⁵, cont'd

Royal Bank of Canada – Financials Enbridge – Energy Fortis – Utilities Canadian Natural Resources – Energy Emera – Utilities Toronto-Dominion Bank – Financials Algonquin Power & Utilities – Utilities TC Energy – Energy Suncor Energy – Energy FirstService – Real Estate Total holdings 68 Top 10 holdings aggregate 68 68 68 68 68 68

Source: Fidelity Investments Canada ULC.

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- A fund's volatility is determined using a statistical measure called "standard deviation. Standard deviation is a statistical measure of how much a return varies over an extended period of time. The more variable the returns, the larger the standard deviation. Investors may examine historical standard deviation in conjunction with historical returns to decide whether an investment's volatility would have been acceptable given the returns it would have produced. A higher standard deviation indicates a wider dispersion of past returns and thus greater historical volatility. Standard deviation does not indicate how an investment actually performed, but it does indicate the volatility of its returns over time. Standard deviation is annualized. The returns used for this calculation are not load-adjusted. Standard deviation does not predict the future volatility of a fund. The investment risk level indicated is required to be determined in accordance with the Canadian Securities Administrators standardized risk classification methodology, which is based on the historical volatility of a fund, as measured by the ten-year annualized standard deviation of the returns of the fund. Standard deviation is used to quantify the historical dispersion of returns around the average returns over a recent ten-year period.
- 2 The compound growth calculations shown is used to illustrate the effects of the compound growth rate and is not intended to reflect future values of the fund or returns on investment in any fund.
- 3 Month-end asset mixes may total greater than/less than 100% due to differences in the timing of cashflows and investments, and/or to reflect cash held for the purposes of collateral allocations associated with certain types of derivatives. Country and sector allocations show specific exposures to countries/sectors representing at least 1% of total fund asset. As such, the values displayed may not total 100%.
- 4 The ETF/ETF Funds are sub-advised by Geode Capital Management, LLC.
- 5 Effective December 1, 2023, Fidelity Canadian High Dividend Index ETF Fund was renamed to Fidelity Canadian High Dividend ETF Fund.

Commissions, trailing commissions, management fees, brokerage fees and expenses may be associated with investments in mutual funds and ETFs. Please read the mutual fund or ETF's prospectus, which contains detailed investment information, before investing. The indicated rates of return are historical annual compounded total returns for the period indicated including changes in unit value and reinvestment of distributions. The indicated rates of return do not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or option charges or income taxes payable by any unitholder that would have reduced returns. Mutual funds and ETFs are not quaranteed. Their values change frequently, and investors may experience a gain or a loss. Past performance may not be repeated.