

## Fidelity Canadian Short Term Corporate Bond ETF Fund

#### **FUND FACTS**

FUND INCEPTION September 25, 2019

NAV - SERIES B \$10.11

(May 31, 2025)

AGGREGATE ASSETS \$171.8 million

(all series)

(April 30, 2025)

MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO – SERIES B

1.11%, as at September 30, 2024

#### **PORTFOLIO MANAGERS**

Lee Ormiston Sri Tella

#### Why invest in this fund?

- A diversified portfolio of corporate bonds with typically one to five years to maturity.
- Less interest rate sensitivity than a more traditional long bond portfolio.
- Leverages Fidelity's expertise in fixedincome investing.

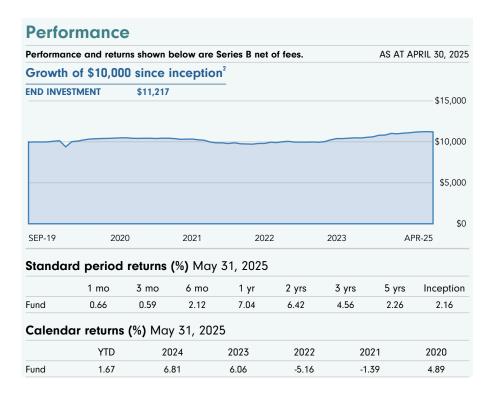
#### RISK CLASSIFICATION<sup>1</sup>



#### **FUND CODES**

#### CANADIAN DOLLAR

SERIES B	SERIES F
6771	6772



### **Allocation**<sup>3</sup> AS AT APRIL 30, 2025

#### **ASSET MIX**<sup>3</sup>

2.2%	Cash & Other
89.9%	Canadian Bonds
7.3%	Foreign Bonds
0.6%	High Yield Bonds



# Fidelity Canadian Short Term Corporate Bond ETF Fund, cont'd

# QUARTERLY TOP FIVE ISSUERS AS AT MARCH 31, 2025 Toronto-Dominion Bank Bank of Montreal Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce Bank of Nova Scotia Royal Bank of Canada Total issuers 100 Top 5 issuers aggregate 28.4%

Source: Fidelity Investments Canada ULC.

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- A fund's volatility is determined using a statistical measure called "standard deviation. Standard deviation is a statistical measure of how much a return varies over an extended period of time. The more variable the returns, the larger the standard deviation. Investors may examine historical standard deviation in conjunction with historical returns to decide whether an investment's volatility would have been acceptable given the returns it would have produced. A higher standard deviation indicates a wider dispersion of past returns and thus greater historical volatility. Standard deviation does not indicate how an investment actually performed, but it does indicate the volatility of its returns over time. Standard deviation is annualized. The returns used for this calculation are not load-adjusted. Standard deviation does not predict the future volatility of a fund. The investment risk level indicated is required to be determined in accordance with the Canadian Securities Administrators standardized risk classification methodology, which is based on the historical volatility of a fund, as measured by the ten-year annualized standard deviation of the returns of the fund. Standard deviation is used to quantify the historical dispersion of returns around the average returns over a recent ten-year period.
- 2 The compound growth calculations shown is used to illustrate the effects of the compound growth rate and is not intended to reflect future values of the fund or returns on investment in any fund.
- 3 Month-end asset mixes may total greater than/less than 100% due to differences in the timing of cashflows and investments, and/or to reflect cash held for the purposes of collateral allocations associated with certain types of derivatives. Country and sector allocations show specific exposures to countries/sectors representing at least 1% of total fund asset. As such, the values displayed may not total 100%.

Commissions, trailing commissions, management fees, brokerage fees and expenses may be associated with investments in mutual funds and ETFs. Please read the mutual fund or ETF's prospectus, which contains detailed investment information, before investing. The indicated rates of return are historical annual compounded total returns for the period indicated including changes in unit value and reinvestment of distributions. The indicated rates of return do not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or option charges or income taxes payable by any unitholder that would have reduced returns. Mutual funds and ETFs are not guaranteed. Their values change frequently, and investors may experience a gain or a loss. Past performance may not be repeated.